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The supreme sacrifice

TRIBUTE TO WOMEN WHO HAVE DIED*

(b)(3)(c)	

We gather here today in recognition of Women's History Month—a time we set aside to remember the remarkable women in our country who have left their mark in many different fields of endeavor. And surely one whose contributions will be noted in future observances of Women's History Month will be Senator Kassebaum.

At this time, it seems only fitting that we remember our own. Their names will never be in a history book, but they will not be—and should not be—forgotten in these halls. Many words have been written and spoken about the intelligence profession and the special demands it makes of those who choose to follow it. We know when we come here that the work will be tough; that a high measure of dedication will be required; that we will not be able to say much about what we do; that our successes will often be hidden but any failures highlighted on the front pages of the newspaper; that conditions in the countries in which we serve may not be ideal for ourselves or our families. And we know, too, that in a profession where danger is real and for some ever present, we may be asked to give that last full measure of devotion.

We honor today four of our women who made that supreme sacrifice: Barbara A. Robbins, Phyllis Nancy Faraci, Monique N. Lewis, and Deborah Marie Hixon. There are no words that can begin to express our gratitude to them, no way that we can lessen the pain for the families they left behind, no promise that we can make that such outrages will not happen again. But we can remember them, honor them, and, in so doing, perhaps rededicate ourselves to the enormous tasks at hand.

Barbara Robbins was 20 twenty years old when she came to the Agency as a secretary.
Born in South Dakota and trained at Colorado State University in its secretarial program,
Barbara was eagerly awaiting that all-important 21st birthday and her first overseas tour. Aft(b)(3)(c)
serving an interim assignment in the then-Far East Division $s(b)(3)(n)$
left for Saigon less than one month after turning 21. Once there, she quickly established herself
as a person with sound technical skills and as one who approached her job with enthusiasm and
dedication. She still found time for hobbies, one of which was flying as an amateur pilot.
The secretary to $(b)(3)(c)$ in FE Division recalls to this day Barbara's
departure for Saigon—how happy and excited she was to be going overseas. And she recalls the
day when the cable came from Saigon with these words: "Our secretary is dead."

Barbara Robbins was killed on 30 March 1965 by a Viet Cong explosion in front of the US Embassy in Saigon. Posthumously, she was awarded the Medal of Honor for Vietnam Merit, First Class.

These remarks were made on 20 March 1989 in the CIA Auditorium.





	Phyllis Nancy Faraci,	/h.\/4.\	
		(b)(1)	
		(b)(3)(c)	
		(b)(3)(n)	
	Yet another appraisal re	eterred to her "exemplary performance" and described her a	
	a doer who does not wait to be	e asked. For her performance over the years, she received	
	Certificate of Exceptional Service	e, a Certificate for Special Achievement, and a Certificate o	
	Distinction. (b)(1)		
	(b)(3)(c)	Phyllis Faraci died in the bombing of the	
	US Embassy in Beirut on 18 April 1983, at the age of 44. Posthumously, Ms. Faraci was awarded a Career Intelligence Medal and Certificate of Distinction for Courageous Perfor-		
	mance.	rectal and Certificate of Distifiction for Courageous Perfor	
	manec.		
	Maniaus N. I suit		
	Monique N. Lewis	(b)(1)	
		(b)(3)(c)	
		Monique married an Agency	
	employee and both were sent to I	Beirut.	
	Monique told Agency friends	s how delighted she was at the prospect of working with her	
	husband.	(b)(1)	
		(b)(3)(c)	
		$\frac{(b)(3)(n)}{(b)(3)(n)}$	
	Embassy was bombed. Tragically.	Monique and her husband were killed—the first time that	
		ed by the Agency have died while in the service of the CIA.	
	At the time of her death, Mrs. Le	ewis was only 36 years old.	
	Deborah Marie Hixon,	(b)(1)	
		(b)(1)	
		(b)(3)(c)	
		(b)(3)(n)	
	In a	an appraisal of her performance, her supervisor noted that	
	"she is one of the finest young offi	icers I have had the privilege of working with."	
		(k	
		(k	
		Her supervisors, noting her "intelligence, drive, and	
	perseverance, commented that sh	he was performing at a level one would expect of someone	
	several grades her senior.		
l		The Date of the Action of the Control of the Contro	
	old—was killed in the beaution of	in Beirut in April 1983, Deborah Hixon—only 30 years	
))(c)	old—was killed in the bombing of	the US Embassy there. She was posthumously awarded an	
	Intelligence Commendation Meda	in Beirut in April 1983, Deborah Hixon—only 30 years the US Embassy there. She was posthumously awarded an l and the Certificate of Distinction for Courageous Perfor-	
(c)	old—was killed in the bombing of Intelligence Commendation Medal mance.	the US Embassy there. She was posthumously awarded an	
(c)	Intelligence Commendation Meda	the US Embassy there. She was posthumously awarded an	

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Dwight David Eisenhower, our 34th president, once said, "Of all the nations of today, the future will say that there were two kinds: those that were intelligent, courageous, decisive and tireless in their support of high principle—and those that disappeared from the earth. The true patriots of today are those who are giving their best to assure that our own country will always be found in the first of these two categories."

Barbara Robbins, Phyllis Faraci, Monique Lewis, and Deborah Hixon were indeed among the true patriots.

This article is classified SECKET.

